APPENDIX B – Governor Alfred E. Smith/Sunken Meadow State Park – Chronology

SUNKEN MEADOW STATE PARK - PARK CHRONOLOGY

FROM NYS CONSERVATION DEPARTMENT ANNUAL REPORTS Kathleen LaFrank

1926: the Long Island State Parks Commission (LISPC) purchased the initial 200 acres of land for the creation of Sunken Meadow State Park.

1927: the park is one of the most popular spot for salt water bathing on Long Island. The park has a bathhouse with a locker capacity of 400. Due to the heavy visitation, LISPC notes that additional facilities should be provided to handle increased crowds.

1928: reports that park commission purchased 2,000 ft beach frontage on Long Island Sound (LIS). The Town of Smithtown voted to turn over the town beach to the park adding 400' of frontage on LIS. Many new roads and paths have been built; a new shelter and comfort stations have been erected on the uplands and water mains have been laid in the upland area; commission plans in 1929 to construct a new bathhouse w/necessary sanitary facilities at the beach, more parking on the flats adjacent to the beach. The large number of campers is a serious problem; LISPC purchased 40 acres of high land adjoining the park to expand the camping area.

1929: reports that facilities were crowded to utmost and that the temporary facilities were inadequate. The installation of hydraulic fill necessary to construct a new 16 acre parking field was completed. A new causeway bridge across Sunken Meadow Creek is under construction. There are plans to surface the new parking for use in 1930.

1930: over 40 acres, including 500' of additional shorefront are acquired. The causeway connecting mainland to the beach was completed and opened late in summer. Over 37,000 bathers used the parks temporary facilities, resulting in compromised conditions. An adequate bathhouse is necessary. Total visitation is approximately 160,000. The new parking is partially complete and holds 1200 cars. The acreage of the park is 248.

1931: usage jumped to 290,000 due to the new causeway. LISPC started construction of a new modern bathhouse and additional parking spaces are constructed throughout picnic areas. The park size is increased to 500 acreage.

1932: a portion of new bathhouse is complete. The men's wing was divided to accommodate men and women. Somewhat more adequate facilities are provided upon opening, nevertheless, the facilities are still inadequate. The parking field complete in 1930 is already overtaxed. Land has been acquired for a necessary extension to the lot. Extreme congestion exists on the undersized boardwalks making a new one vitally necessary. Improvements in 1932 include the completion of a modern water supply system, extension of trails, picnic areas, and picnic parking. The yearly visitation increased to 335,000.

1933: next to Jones Beach, Sunken Meadow is the most popular with bathers and picnickers. All state park improvements cease due to the Depression and lack of funding.

1934: improvements to bathing beach have been completed.

1935: improvement made in 1934 in bathing area was reflected in an increase in patronage. The parking field and approach to bathhouse see landscape improvements. The acreage for the park increases to 357.

1936: increase in patronage of 35,000 over 1935.

1937: increase in attendance of 10,000 over 1936 and a newly completed refreshment stand filled a vital need at the beach.

1938: attendance dropped slightly due to a rainy summer.

1939: another drop in attendance

1940: the Orchard Hill picnic shelters are constructed. Attendance drops at park, acreage is now reported at 519.

1941: attendance increases and the parking spaces are inadequate for the increased volume.

1942: gasoline rationing, tire shortage and other war-time restrictions on automobile travel are in place throughout the United States. The park attendance dropped from 320,000 to 120,000 patrons.

1943: discusses decline in attendance at eastern Long Island parks. Many parks are used by the military for recreation. The LISPC begins to think about postwar planning projects.

1944-45: no work in park this year due to war. Post-war planning begun for park including a 6-acre extension of the parking field by filling in an additional meadowland near the bathhouse; construction of new boardwalk to replace the present one and construction of new walkways, fencing and water mains. Many of the first post war projects were deferred park maintenance projects from wartime.

1946: park attendance doubles from the 1945 but rain during August hampered visitation. There is difficulty starting construction programs because of the unsettled conditions, high costs, shortages of materials and restrictions imposed to facilitate housing but the park began to make small repairs and rehab after "years of neglect".

1947: attendance for region is greater than any other year; construction seemed to prioritize the parkways; Sunken Meadow received a new parking area and a new

playground. The repair and rehabilitation of the facility continues. Plans for a new boardwalk are developed.

1948: capacity crowds overtaxed all facilities in the park. A new, wider boardwalk is constructed, the sand beach was widened and a fire tower is constructed by the Conservation Department. The acreage remains the same.

1951: park attendance increased from 1950 by 100,000. The regional park attendance exceeds all other years.

1953: Long Island parkway construction remains the focus of construction and acquisition efforts.

1954 - 1956: little work is done at the park due to parkway construction.

1957: a five mile section of Sunken Meadow Parkway opens together with "new and enlarged facilities at the park" open to public on June 21st. The park may now be reached from all parkway routes from New York City. New facilities include the boardwalk, a new cafeteria building, a 1200 car parking field near cafeteria and an overlook. To expand the existing parking fields and widen beach, Sunken Meadow Creek was moved. Attendance increased to a new record of 900,000 due to the new and expanded facilities.

1958: continued work on expansion of the park including the completion of a permanent toll booth and service area entrance at park entrance; the completion of an 800' extension to the boardwalk to west of the central mall; the completion of west refreshment stand, comfort station and adjacent plaza; the continued progress on landscaping, seeding and developing game fields and picnic area.

1959: completion of new facilities along the water front at the west section of the beach including a new refreshment stand, an extension of the boardwalk, expansion of parking, and other improvements.

1960: completion of a new picnic area including enlargement of parking field, construction of a refreshment stand and comfort station, utilities and landscaping. The plans are complete for a golf course and clubhouse at the west end of the park. The fire tower is removed from the park.

1961: construction of two 9-hole golf course begins.

1962: continue construction of the two golf courses and clubhouse.

1963: completion of two 9-hole golf courses and clubhouse

1964: Expansion of park facilities stops while attendance continues to grow.

1970's – 1990's: Very little expansion or acquisition took place during this period. Attendance remained high between one and two million people per year.

Appendix C – Plants of Governor Alfred E. Smith/Sunken Meadow State Park

Plant List	Common Name
Acer platenoides	Norway Maple
Acer rubrum	Red Maple
Ailanthus altissima	Tree of Heaven
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard
Alnus serrulata	Brookside Alder
Amelanchier arborea	Downy Serviceberry
Artemisia vulgaris	Mugwort
Aster tenuifolius	Salt Marsh aster
Atriplex arenaria	Seabeach Orach
Atriplex hastata	Triangle orache
Baccharis halimifolia	Groundsel Tree
Betula populifolia	Gray Birch
Bidens	
Celastrus orbiculatus	Oriental Bittersweet
Convolvulus sepium	Bindweed
,	Thornless Cockspur
Crataegus crusgalli	Hawthorn
Cyperus rotundus (?)	Nut-grass
Distichlis spicata	spike grass
Elaeagnus commutata	Silverberry
Eleocharis parvula	Dwarf Spikerush
Galium aparine	Goosegrass
Hibiscus moscheutos	Marsh Mallow
Impatiens	Jewelweed
Iva frutescens	Marsh Elder
Juglans nigra	Black Walnut
Juncus effusus	Soft Rush
Juniperus virginiana	Eastern Red Cedar
Lepidium virginicum	Wild Peppergrass
Limonium carolinianum	Sea lavender
Lonicera japonica	Japanese Honeysuckle
Lonicera morrowi	Morrow's Honeysuckle
Lychnis alba	Bladder Campion
Malus sp.	Crabapple - unknown sp.
Myrica pensylvanica	Bayberry
Nyssa sylvatice	Blackgum
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern
Osmunda cinnamomea	Cinnamon Fern
Parthenocissus	
quinquefolia	Virginia Creeper
Phragmites australis	Phragmites
Phytolacca americana	Common Pokeweed
Pluchea purpurascens	Saltmarsh Fleabane
Prunus martima	Beach Plum
Prunus serotina	Black Cherry
Pyrus calleryana	Bradford Pear
Pyrus malus	apple
Quercus palustris	Pin Oak

Quercus stellata	Post Oak
Quercus velutina	Black Oak
Rhus copallinum	Winged sumac
Rhus glabra	Smooth Sumac
Rosa multiflora	Multilfora Rose
Rosa palustris	Swamp Rose
Rubus allegheniensis	Allegheny Blackberry
Rumex crispus	Curly Dock
Rumex verticillatus	Swamp Dock
Salicornia europaea	Glasswort
Salix babylonica	Weeping Willow
Salix discolor	Pussy Willow
Sambucus canadensis	Black Elderberry
Sassafras albidum	Sassafras
Scirpus robustus	
Smilax rotundifolia	Greenbrier
Solanum dulcamara	Deadly Nightshade
Solidago sempervirens	Seaside Goldenrod
Spartina alterniflora	Smooth Cordgrass
Spartina patens	Saltmeadow Cordgrass
Spurgularia maritima	Sandspur
Suaeda maritima	Lesser Sea-blite
Symplocarpus foetidus	Skunk Cabbage
Thelypteris palustris	Marsh Fern
Toxicodendron radicans	Poison Ivy
Viburnum recognitum	Southern Arrowood
Vitus labrusca	Grape

Appendix D – Birds of Governor Alfred E. Smith/Sunken Meadow State Park

SUNKEN MEADOW STATE PARK BIRD CHECKLIST UPDATE

September 2008

Updated August 18, 2010

Sunken Meadow State Park, located on the north shore of Long Island, provides opportunity for a variety of recreational activities. This environmentally diverse park of more than 1,200 acres is approximately 43 miles east of Manhattan. Sunken Meadow includes 3 miles of beach front with bluffs on Long Island Sound, wetlands, brackish water creek and heavily wooded rolling terrain.

The northern terminus of the Nissequogue River flows into the Sound at the Park's east end. With large sections of the Park undeveloped, this uniquely diverse Park provides setting and habitats for a wide range of bird life. Many excellent locations exist for finding the many varieties of birds that nest, live or pass through Sunken Meadow.

SEASONS

Sp Su Fa Win	Spring Summer Fall Winter	March 1- May 31 June 1- August 31 September 1- November 30 December 1-February 28			
	<u>STATUS</u>				
A	Abundant	Hard to miss	in prope	er habita	at
C	Common	Very likely to be seen in proper habitat			
U	Uncommon	Present but n		-	
O	Occasional		-		ly 1-3 times per season
R	Rare	Seen at interv	als of 2	-5 years	S
*	Breeding	Breeding con	firmed	within t	he park boundaries
# Species designated by the NYS Dept. of Environmental Conservation as endangered, threatened, or of special concern					
	SE, SWANS AND DUCKS ow Goose	Sp O	Su	Fa O	Win O

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Brant

Canada Goose*

Mute Swan*

Wood Duck*

Gadwall*

	Sp	Su	Fa	Win
American Wigeon	Ō		O	O
American Black Duck*	C	O	C	A
— Mallard*	Α	A	A	A
Blue-winged Teal	O		R	
Northern Shoveler	C		O	U
Northern Pintail	R		R	
Green-winged Teal	C	O	U	U
Canvasback	O		O	O
Ring-necked Duck	C	O	U	C
Greater Scaup	C		U	C
Lesser Scaup	C		Ü	C
Surf Scoter	Ō		Ü	Ū
White-winged Scoter	Č		Č	Č
Black Scoter	C		Ü	Ü
Long-tailed Duck	С		Č	C
Bufflehead	C		U	C
Common Goldeneye	C		C	C
Hooded Merganser	C		C	C
Common Merganser	C		C	C
Red-breasted Merganser	C		C	C
Ruddy Duck	U		U	U
Ruddy Duck	U		U	U
NEW WORLD QUAIL				
Northern Bobwhite*	O	O	O	O
Northern Boownite	O	O	O	O
PARTRIDGES, GROUSE, AND TU	RKEYS			
Ring-necked Pheasant	0	O	O	O
Wild Turkey	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü
Wha falkey	O	O	O	C
LOONS				
Red-throated Loon	C		C	C
Common Loon #	C		C	C
_ **				
GREBES				
Pied-billed Grebe#	C		C	O
Horned Grebe	C		C	O
Red-necked Grebe	_		R	
CORMORANTS				
Double-crested Cormorant*	С	C	С	U
Great Cormorant				R
Grout Corniorant				11

		Sp	Su	Fa	Win
BITTERNS, HERONS, AND ALL	IES	ъ			
American Bittern# Least Bittern #		R	R		
Great Blue Heron		U	к О	С	С
Great Egret *		C	C	C	U
Snowy Egret*		C	Č	Č	R
Little Blue Heron		0	R		
Green Heron*		O	C	C	
Black-crowned Night-Heron*		C	C	C	R
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron*		U	U	R	
IBISES AND SPOONBILLS					
Glossy Ibis		O	O		
NEW WORLD VULTURES					
Turkey Vulture		O		O	O
OPSPREY					
Osprey* #		C	C	C	
		10			
KITES, EAGLES, HAWKS AND	ALLIE	LS .		D	D
Bald Eagle# Northern Harrier #		U	U	R U	R U
Northern Harrier # Sharp-shinned Hawk#		0	0	U	U
Cooper's Hawk #		O	O	Ö	O
Northern Goshawk#					R
Broad-winged Hawk		R	R		
Red-tailed Hawk*		C	C	C	C
FALCONS					
American Kestrel*		U		U	U
Merlin				U	U
Peregrine Falcon#		R	R	R	R
RAILS, GALLINULES AND COO	OTS				
Clapper Rail			U	R	R
Virginia Rail					R
American Coot		C		C	C
LAPWINGS AND PLOVERS					
Black-bellied Plover		U	U	U	U
Semipalmated Plover		C	C		
Piping Plover* #		C	C		0
Killdeer*	C	C	C	C	O
	Sp	Su	Fa	Win	

OYSTERCATCHERS American Oystercatcher	U	U	U	
SANDPIPERS, PHALAROPES				
AND ALLIES				
Spotted Sandpiper	U	C		
Solitary Sandpiper	R			
Greater Yellowlegs*	C	C	C	R
Lesser Yellowlegs		U	U	
Ruddy Turnstone		R		
Red Knot	O		O	
Sanderling	C	O	O	C
Semipalmated Sandpiper	U	O	U	
Least Sandpiper	U	U	O	
White-rumped Sandpiper	R	R		
Baird's Sandpiper			R	
Pectoral Sandpiper	U		U	
Dunlin	C		C	U
Short-billed Dowitcher		O		
Wilson's Snipe	O	O	O	R
GULLS, TERNS, AND SKIMM	ERS	_	_	_
Bonaparte's Gull	_	R	R	R
Laughing Gull	O	C	C	
Ring-billed Gull	A	A	A	A
Herring Gull	A	A	A	A
Iceland Gull				R
Glaucous Gull	R			
Great Black-backed Gull	A	A	A	A
Least Tern *#	C	A	U	
Caspian Tern			R	
Black Tern #			R	
Roseate Tern #			R	
Common Tern #	C	A	U	
Forster's Tern				R
Black Skimmer#		U		
PIGEONS AND DOVES				
Rock Pigeon*	A	Α	A	Α
Mourning Dove*	C	C	C	C
	C			C
CUCKOOS				
Yellow-billed Cuckoo*	R	R		
Black-billed Cuckoo*	R	R		

	Sp	Su	Fa	Win
TRUE OWLSEastern Screech-Owl* Great Horned Owl*	U U	U U	U U	U U
Short-eared Owl #	C	C	R	R
GOATSUCKERS Common Nighthawk #		U	U	
SWIFTS Chimney Swift	U	U	U	
HUMMINGBIRDS Ruby-throated Hummingbird	U	U		
KINGFISHERS Belted Kingfisher*	C	C	C	C
WOODPECKERS AND ALLIES				
Red-headed Woodpecker#				R
Red-bellied Woodpecker*	C	C	C	C
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	U	U	U	U
Downy Woodpecker*	C	C	C	C
Hairy Woodpecker*	U	U	U	U
Northern Flicker*	C	C	U	О
TYRANT FLYCATCHERS				
Eastern Wood-Pewee*	U	U	U	
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	O	R	U	
Alder Flycatcher		10	Ö	
Willow Flycatcher	U	U	Č	
Least Flycatcher			Ü	
Eastern Phoebe*	C	O	A	
Great Crested Flycatcher*	U	U	U	
Western Kingbird			O	
Eastern Kingbird*	C	C	C	
SHRIKES				
Northern Shrike		О	О	
VIREOS				
White-eyed Vireo		O		
Yellow-throated Vireo	0		O	
Blue-headed Vireo	U	T T	0	
Red-eyed Vireo*	C	U	U	

	Sp	Su	Fa	Win
JAYS, MAGPIES, AND CROWS Blue Jay* American Crow* Fish Crow*	C A C	C C C	C A C	C A C
LISH CIOM.	C	C	C	C
LARKS Horned Lark#		О	О	
MARTINS AND SWALLOWS Tree Swallow* N. Rough-winged Swallow* Bank Swallow* Barn Swallow*	C C C A	C C C A	C U U A	О
CHICKADEES AND TITMICE Black-capped Chickadee* Tufted Titmouse*	C C	C C	C C	C C
NUTHATCHES Red-breasted Nuthatch White-breasted Nuthatch*	С	С	U C	U C
CREEPERS Brown Creeper	U		U	U
WRENS Carolina Wren* House Wren* Winter Wren Marsh Wren	C C	U C O	C U O	U
KINGLETS Golden-crowned Kinglet Ruby-crowned Kinglet	U U		U U	U U
GNATCATCHERS Blue-gray Gnatcatcher*		O	O	
STARLINGS European Starling*	A	A	A	A
WAXWINGS Cedar Waxwing*	U	U	C	C

WHEATEARS, BLUEBIRDS, A	Sp AND TH	Su IRUSH	Fa ES	Win
Eastern Bluebird*	0	0	O	
Veery	O		O	
Gray-cheeked Thrush	R		R	
Swainson's Thrush	R		R	
Hermit Thrush	10		U	R
Wood Thrush*	U	U	Ö	10
American Robin*	A	A	A	U
MOCKINGBIRDS, THRASHE	RS ANT) ALLI	ES	
Gray Catbird*	A	A	A	U
Oray Catorid Northern Mockingbird*	A	A	A	A
Brown Thrasher*	C	C	C	U
WOOD WADDI EDG				
WOOD WARBLERS	0	0	T T	
Blue-winged Warbler*	C	C	U	
Tennessee Warbler	U		U	
Orange-crowned Warbler			R	
Nashville Warbler	R		R	
Northern Parula	C	_	U	
Yellow Warbler*	C	C	U	
Chestnut-sided Warbler*		U	U	
Magnolia Warbler	C		U	
Cape May Warbler	U		U	
Black-throated Blue Warbler	C		U	
Yellow-rumped Warbler*	C	U	C	C
Black-throated Green Warbler	U		U	
Blackburnian Warbler	O		O	
Pine Warbler	U		O	R
Prairie Warbler*	O		O	
Palm Warbler	C		C	R
Bay-breasted Warbler	O		O	
Blackpoll Warbler	O		U	
Black-and-white Warbler*	C	O	U	
American Redstart*	U	U	U	
Worm-eating Warbler	U		R	
Ovenbird C	O	O	O	
Northern Waterthrush	O			
Louisiana Waterthrush		O		
Common Yellowthroat*	C	Č	C	
Wilson's Warbler	Ü		Ü	
Canada Warbler	Ü		Ü	
Yellow-breasted Chat	Ü	R	Č	
	Sp	Su	Fa	Win
	ъþ	Su	1 a	4 4 111

NEW WORLD SPARROWS AND	D ALI	LIES		
Eastern Towhee*	O	O	O	R
— American Tree Sparrow	O	R	O	R
Chipping Sparrow*	C	U	C	U
Field Sparrow	O	O	O	O
Savannah Sparrow*	U	O	U	
Sharp-tailed Sparrow species		R		
Fox Sparrow			U	U
Song Sparrow*	A	A	A	A
Swamp Sparrow	O		O	
White-throated Sparrow	C		C	C
White-crowned Sparrow	U		U	R
Dark-eyed Junco	C		C	C
Snow Bunting			O	O
TANACAEDE CADDINAIS AN		TIEC		
TANAGAERS, CARDINALS, AN Summer Tanager	U U	LLIES		
Scarlet Tanager*	U	U	U	
Northern Cardinal*	C	C	C	C
Rose-breasted Grosbeak*	U	U	U	C
	U	U	U	
Indigo Bunting*	U	U	U	
BLACKBIRDS, MEADOWLARI	KS AN	ND ORI	OLES	
Red-winged Blackbird*	C	C	C	O
Eastern Meadowlark			O	R
Rusty Blackbird			O	R
Common Grackle*	A	A	A	R
Brown-headed Cowbird*	C	C	C	O
Orchard Oriole*	U	U	U	
Baltimore Oriole*	C	C	C	U
EINGHES AND CDOSSDILLS				
FINCHES AND CROSSBILLS	D	R	R	R
Purple Finch	R C	C	C	
House Finch* Pine Siskin	C	C	C	C
	TT	C	TT	R
American Goldfinch*	U	С	U	U
OLD WORLD SPARROWS				
House Sparrow*	A	A	A	A
Species see less frequently than or	ice ev	ery five	years:	
Common Redpoll		Red	head	
Glaucous Gull			g Eider	
Evening Grosbeak			nmon E	
Black-headed Gull				d Phalarope
Diack fielded Guif		1100	11001100	. I manarope

Appendix E – Animals of Governor Alfred E. Smith/Sunken Meadow State Park

Governor Alfred E. Smith/Sunken Meadow State Park Animal List

Common name	Scientific name		
Invertebrates			
Green Crab	Carcinus maenas		
Fiddler Crab	Uca pugnax		
Hermit Crab	Pagurus armatus		
Horseshoe Crab	Limulus polyphemus		
Blue Crab	Callinectes sapidus		
Asian Shore Crab	Hemigrapsus sanguineus		
Grass Shrimp	Palaemonetes spp.		
Ribbed Mussel	Geukensia demissa		
Blue Mussel	Mytilus edulis		
Softshell Clam	Mya arenaria		
Surf Clam	Spisula solida		
Oyster	Crassostrea virginica		
Anemone			
Fish			
American Eel	Anguilla rostrata		
Blueback Herring	Alosa aestivalis		
Alewife	Alosa pseudoharengus		
Atlantic Menhaden	Brevoortia tyrannus		
Golden Shiner	Notemigonus crysoleucas		
Banded Killifish	Fundulus diaphanus		
Striped Killifish	Fundulus majalis		
Mummichog	Fundulus heteroclitus		
Sheepshead Minnow	Cyprinodon variegatus		
Atlantic Silverside	Menidia menidia		
Nine spine Stickleback	Pungitius pungitius		
Four spine Stickleback	Apeltes quadracus		
Northern Pipefish	Syngnathus fucus		
White Perch	Morone americana		
Pumpkinseed Sunfish	Lepomis gibbosus		
Sand Lance	Ammodytes americanus		
Grubby	Myoxocephalus aenaeus		
Winter Flounder	Psuedopleuronectes americanus		
Striped Bass	Morone saxatilis		
Mosquitofish	Gambusia holbrooki		
Amphibians			

Northern Redback Salamander	Plethodon cinereus		
Spotted Salamander	Ambystoma maculatum		
Spring Peeper	Pseudacris crucifer		
Bullfrog	Lithobates catesbeianus		
Green Frog	Lithobates clamitans melanotus		
Fowler's Toad	Bufo fowleri		
Reptiles	V V		
Diamondback Terrapin	Malaclemys terrapin		
Painted Turtle	Chrysemys picta		
Snapping Turtle	Chelydra serpentina		
Red-eared Slider	Trachemys scripta elegans		
Eastern Box Turtle	Terrapene c. carolina		
Eastern Garter Snake	Thamnophis s. sirtalis		
Northern Brown Snake	Storeria dekayi		
Eastern Milksnake	Lampropeltis t. triangulum		
Northern Water Snake	Nerodia s. sipedon		
Mammals			
Eastern Cottontail	Sylvilagus floridanus		
Eastern Chipmunk	Tamias sciurus		
Eastern Gray Squirrel	Sciurus carolinensis		
Muskrat	Ondatra zibethicus		
River Otter	Lontra canadensis		
Virginia Opossum	Didelphis virginiana		
Raccoon	Procyon lotor		
Red Fox	Vulpes fulva		
White-tailed Deer	Odocoileus virginianus		
Birds			
Canada Goose	Branta canadensis		
Great Blue Heron	Ardea herodias		
Double-crested Cormorant	Phalacrocorax auritus		
Great Egret	Ardea alba		
Mute Swan	Cygnus olor		
Wood Duck	Aix sponsa		
Gadwall	Anas strepera		
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron	Nyctanassa violacea		
Osprey	Pandion haliaetus		
American Oystercatcher	Haematopus palliatus		
Great Horned Owl	Bubo virginianus		
Eastern Wood Pewee	Contopus virens		
Great-crested Flycatcher	Myiarchus crinitus		
Willow Flycatcher	Empidonax traillii		

Eastern Kingbird	Tyrannus tyrannus		
White-eyed Vireo	Vireo griseus		
Warbling Vireo	Vireo gilvus		
Red-eyed Vireo	Vireo olivaceus		
Fish Crows	Corvus ossifragus		
Tree Swallows	Tachycineta bicolor		
Barn Swallows	Hirundo rustica		
Bank Swallows	Riparia riparia		
Purple Martin	Progne subis		
Marsh Wren	Cistothorus palustris		
Brown Thrashers	Toxostoma rufum		
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	Polioptila caerulea		
Wood Thrush	Hylocichla mustelina		
Cedar waxwings	Bombycilla cedrorum		
Blue-winged warbler	Vermivora pinus		
Yellow warbler	Dendroica petechia		
Prairie warbler	Dendroica discolor		
American Redstarts	Setophaga ruticilla		
Common Yellowthroat	Geothlypis trichas		
Chipping Sparrow	Spizella passerina		
Song Sparrow	Melospiza melodia		
Swamp Sparrows	Melospiza georgiana,		
Scarlet Tanager	Piranga olivacea		
Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Pheucticus ludovicianus		
Baltimore Orioles	Icterus galbula		
Orchard Orioles	Icterus spurius spurius.		
Piping Plover	Charadrius melodus		
Least Terns	Sterna antillarum		

Appendix F – Cultural Resource Review - Categorical Exclusion

New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation Minor Project Activities with No Effect on Historic Properties and are Exempt from Consultation

The following project activities are exempt from Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation/State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) consultation and review because it has been determined that they will not likely change the quality of historic resources provided the following conditions are met:

- The proposed activity is a stand alone project; and
- The proposed activity does not include and is not located in or contiguous to any historic or archaeological resource 50 years of age or older; nor listed on the State or National Register of Historic Places; nor is it a National Historic Landmark (e.g., historic structures, foundations, and out buildings, archaeological sites; historic gardens; historic viewsheds and cultural landscapes); and
- The proposed project must be limited to one of the activities listed below.
- 1. In kind bridge repair or replacement involving the same abutment.
- 2. In kind repair/replacement of below grade utilities such as septic systems, water lines, electric lines and fuel supply lines within the same utility trench.
- 3. In kind repair/replacement of existing septic systems, storm drainage, or fuel storage where significant site features, such as mature vegetation, are not impacted.
- 4. Trail construction on slopes greater than 12% and trail maintenance where no change in width, depth, vertical alignment, or drainage is to occur.
- 5. In kind culvert replacement.
- 6. Repaving or regrading of roadways or pathways where no change in width, surface material, depth, vertical alignment, or drainage is to occur.
- 7. Repair of erosional issues/washouts due to flooding within 10 ft of the washout
- 8. Removal of root balls from downed trees.
- 9. Removal of invasive species that does not entail grubbing or grading.
- 10. In kind repair/replacement of existing curbing or sidewalks.
- 11. Planting trees when excavation will not exceed 2 ft in diameter.
- 12. Digging post holes for signs and fences that will not exceed 2 ft in diameter.

^{*} If during the course of construction any artifacts, archaeological features, or historic remains are discovered, work in the vicinity of the discovery must be stopped immediately and the Archaeological Unit of the SHPO must be contacted for further guidance.